



All-Rounder Bi-Spectrum Incident Detection Traffic Camera

User Manual

Initiatives on the Use of Video Products

Thank you for choosing Hikvision products.

Technology affects every aspect of our life. As a high-tech company, we are increasingly aware of the role technology plays in improving business efficiency and quality of life, but at the same time, the potential harm of its improper usage. For example, video products are capable of recording real, complete and clear images. This provides a high value in retrospect and preserving real-time facts. However, it may also result in the infringement of a third party's legitimate rights and interests if improper distribution, use and/or processing of video data takes place. With the philosophy of "Technology for the Good", Hikvision requests that every end user of video technology and video products shall comply with all the applicable laws and regulations, as well as ethical customs, aiming to jointly create a better community.

Please read the following initiatives carefully:

- Everyone has a reasonable expectation of privacy, and the installation of video products should not be in conflict with this reasonable expectation. Therefore, a warning notice shall be given in a reasonable and effective manner and clarify the monitoring range, when installing video products in public areas. For non-public areas, a third party's rights and interests shall be evaluated when installing video products, including but not limited to, installing video products only after obtaining the consent of the stakeholders, and not installing highly-invisible video products.
- The purpose of video products is to record real activities within a specific time and space and under specific conditions. Therefore, every user shall first reasonably define his/her own rights in such specific scope, in order to avoid infringing on a third party's portraits, privacy or other legitimate rights.
- During the use of video products, video image data derived from real scenes will continue to be generated, including a large amount of biological data (such as facial images), and the data could be further applied or reprocessed. Video products themselves could not distinguish good from bad regarding how to use the data based solely on the images captured by the video products. The result of data usage depends on the method and purpose of use of the data controllers. Therefore, data controllers shall not only comply with all the applicable laws and regulations and other normative requirements, but also respect international norms, social morality, good morals, common practices and other non-mandatory requirements, and respect individual privacy, portrait and other rights and interests.
- The rights, values and other demands of various stakeholders should always be considered when processing video data that is continuously generated by video products. In this regard, product security and data security are extremely crucial. Therefore, every end user and data controller, shall undertake all reasonable and necessary measures to ensure data security and avoid data leakage, improper disclosure and improper use, including but not limited to, setting up access

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Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
 Danger	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or could result in death or serious injury.
 Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance degradation, or unexpected results.
 Note	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

Based on deep-learning algorithm, the event enforcement traffic camera (hereinafter referred to as the device) can be used to detect real-time traffic events in city roads, expressways, tunnels, etc.

1.2 Key Feature



Note

Product features vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

- Adopts H.264/H.265 encoding to output real-time images.
- Embedded with deep learning algorithm, supporting smart recognition.
- Supports various event detections and traffic data collection.
- Supports multi-target vehicles detection and target visualization.
- Supports license plate recognition and target full structuralization.
- Supports various image adjustment modes to handle various scenes.
- Workable in all-weather environment.

1.3 Running Environment

- Operating system: 64-bit Windows 7 recommended.
- CPU: i5-4590@3.3 GHz, or E3-1226 V3@3.30 GHz.
- GPU: GTX970 (Nvidia), or ® HD Graphics P4600.
- Resolution: 1024 × 768 and above.
- Browser: IE8, IE9, IE10, and IE11 recommended.

Chapter 2 Activation and Login

2.1 Activation

For the first-time access, you need to activate the device by setting an admin password. No operation is allowed before activation. The device supports multiple activation methods, such as activation via SADP software, web browser, and iVMS-4200 Client.



Note

Refer to the user manual of iVMS-4200 Client for the activation via client software.

2.1.1 Default Information

The device default information is shown as below.

- Default IP address: 192.168.1.64
- Default user name: admin

2.1.2 Activate via SADP

SADP is a tool to detect, activate, and modify the IP address of the device over the LAN.

Before You Start

- Get the SADP software from the supplied disk or the official website (<http://www.hikvision.com/>), and install it according to the prompts.
- The device and the computer that runs the SADP tool should belong to the same network segment.

The following steps show how to activate one device and modify its IP address. For batch activation and IP address modification, refer to *User Manual of SADP* for details.

Steps

1. Run the SADP software and search the online devices.
2. Find and select your device in online device list.
3. Enter a new password (admin password) and confirm the password.



Caution

STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

4. Click **Activate** to start activation.

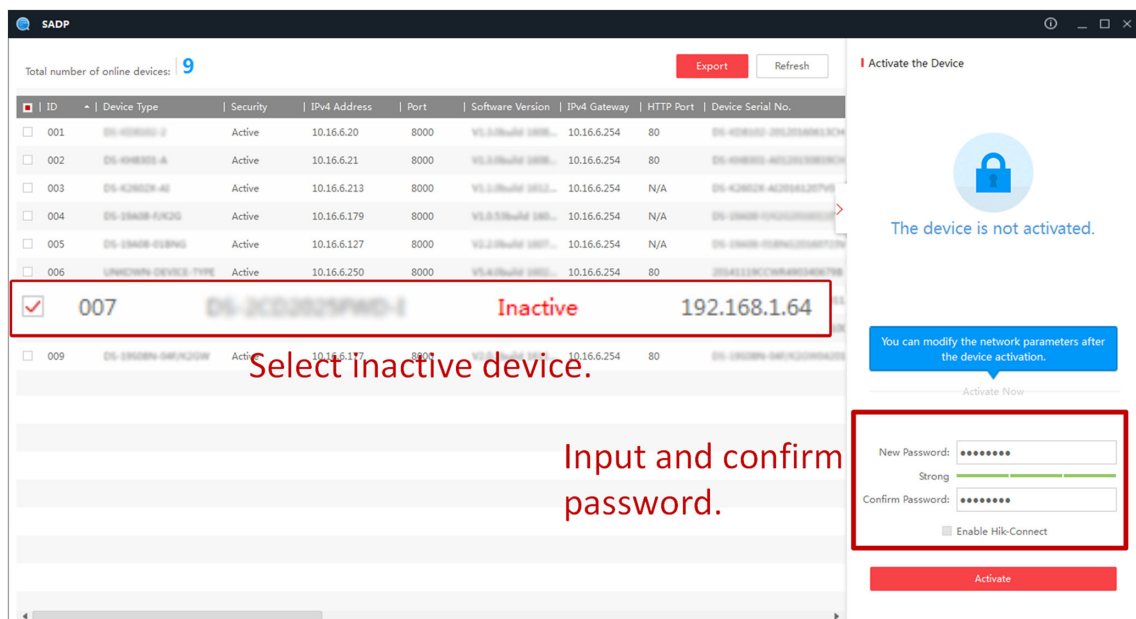


Figure 2-1 Activate via SADP

Status of the device becomes **Active** after successful activation.

5. Modify IP address of the device.

- 1) Select the device.
- 2) Change the device IP address to the same network segment as your computer by either modifying the IP address manually or checking **Enable DHCP** (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).
- 3) Enter the admin password and click **Modify** to activate your IP address modification.

2.1.3 Activate via Web Browser

Use web browser to activate the device. For the device with the DHCP enabled by default, use SADP software or client software to activate the device.

Before You Start

Ensure the device and the computer are in the LAN with the same network segment.

Steps

1. Change the IP address of your computer to the same network segment as the device.
2. Open the web browser, and enter the default IP address of the device to enter the activation interface.
3. Create and confirm the admin password.



Caution

STRONG PASSWORD RECOMMENDED-We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

4. Click **OK** to complete activation.
5. Go to the network settings interface to modify IP address of the device.

2.2 Login

You can log in to the device via web browser for further operations such as live view and local configuration.

Before You Start

Connect the device to the network directly, or via a switch or a router.

Steps

1. Open the web browser, and enter the IP address of the device to enter the login interface.
2. Enter **User Name** and **Password**.
3. Click **Login**.
4. Download and install appropriate plug-in for your web browser. Follow the installation prompts to install the plug-in.
5. Reopen the web browser after the installation of the plug-in and repeat steps 1 to 3 to login.
6. **Optional:** Click **Logout** on the upper right corner of the interface to log out of the device.

Chapter 3 Radar Detection

Radar is used to detect the target and link the capture. Set radar detection parameters before capturing vehicle pictures.



Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

3.1 Set Detection Parameters

Set radar detection parameters before capturing vehicle pictures.

Steps

1. Click **Radar**.

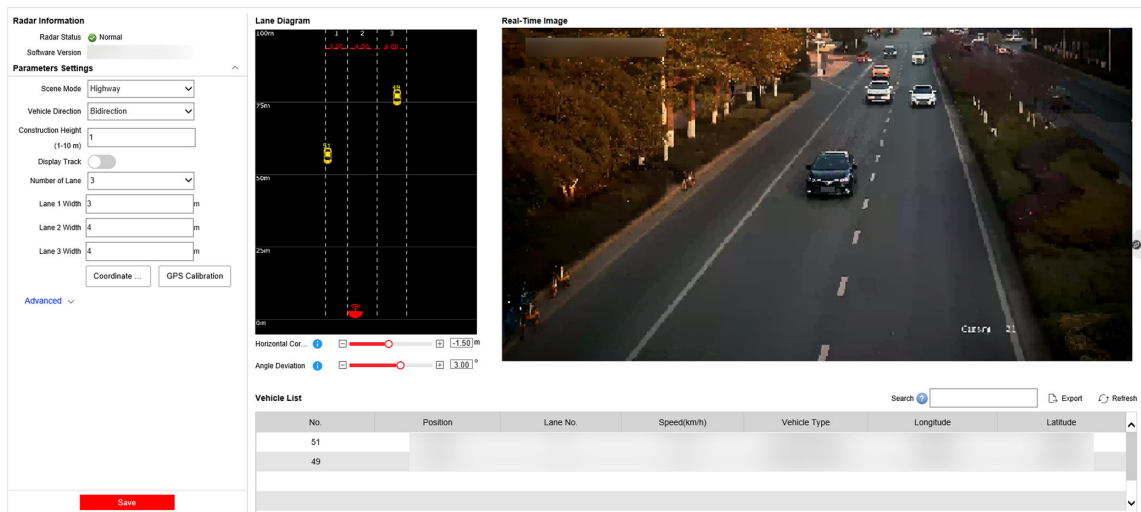


Figure 3-1 Set Radar Detection Parameters

2. View the radar information.

Radar Status

The current radar status. The radar can be normally used in normal status. If the radar is in upgrading status, do not reboot the device. Refresh the interface every one minute, and the status can be restored to normal.

Software Version

The software version of the radar.

3. Click **Wizard** on the upper right corner of the interface and follow the wizard to set the parameters.
 - 1) Set **Number of Lane** and the width of each lane.
 - 2) Set **Scene Mode** according to the actual condition.

3) Set **Vehicle Direction**.

Approaching Direction

The vehicles are driven towards the construction position of the camera.

Leaving Direction

The vehicles are driven far away from the construction position of the camera.

Bidirection

There are vehicles driven both towards and far away from the construction position of the camera.

4) Set **Construction Height**, **Horizontal Correction**, and **Angle Deviation**.

Construction Height

The construction height of the camera.

Horizontal Correction

It is the horizontal position deviation between the radar detected lane and the actual lane. You can set it in two ways.

- Method 1: Move the detected lane in the diagram leftwards or rightwards to overlap it with the actual lane to correct the difference.
- Method 2: Enter the horizontal distance(m) from the radar installation position to the middle line of the actual lane to correct the difference.

Angle Deviation

It is the angle deviation between the radar detected lane and the actual lane. Rotate the angle of the detected lane in the diagram to overlap it with the actual lane to correct the difference.

5) Set the coordinate calibration and GPS calibration.



Note

Refer to **Set Radar Calibration** for details.

4. Set the other parameters.

Display Track

Enable the function, and the target track will be displayed on the interface according to the detected coordinates.

Advanced

Click **Advanced** to set the advanced parameters.

Debugging Mode

Enable the radar debugging mode. In this mode, the vehicles outside the drawn area will be displayed, to make it convenient to debug the radar.

Sensitivity

The lower the sensitivity is, the more sensitive the detection will be. For the detection which is too sensitive (e.g., some fixed facilities, such as the bus station on the lane, are detected as vehicles), you can adjust the sensitivity higher.

Influential Range X

If you do not want to adjust the total sensitivity, enter the vertical distance from the possible mistakenly recognized area (such as the bus station) to the camera.



Note

The influential range of the sensitivity can be set every 50 m, and up to four areas can be set.

Range X Sensitivity

You can adjust the sensitivity of each influential range independently.

Target Dwell Time

The dwell time of the vehicle. Set it as 0 when measuring the queue length.

Radar Prediction

Enable the function, and the radar will predict the target track which can be displayed on the interface according to the detected coordinates.

Radar Detection Distance

It is the range of the radar track. The default value is 200 m. You can select the value to adjust the radar track range.

Distance to Stop Line

It is the distance from the point on the ground just below the installed radar to the stop line at the intersection. The targets detected in this range will be filtered.

Wave Band ID

0 to 4 stand for five frequencies. Set different wave bands for different radars in the same scene to prevent the radars in the same wave band from influencing each other.

Course Angle Calibration

Adjust the course angle of the radar for target detection.

5. Click **Save**.

3.2 Set Radar Calibration

Calibrate radar after the radar detection parameters are set to display the targets detected by the radar on the video.

Before You Start

Enable **Rule Information** in **Configuration** → **Local Configuration** .

Steps

1. Click **Radar**.
2. Click **Coordinate Calibration** or **GPS Calibration**.
3. Set the radar calibration.
 - Set coordinate calibration. Refer to **Manual Calibration** and **Auto Calibration** for details.
 - Set GPS calibration. Refer to **GPS Coordinate Calibration** for details.



Note

The supported calibration modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

3.2.1 Manual Calibration

Steps

1. Click **Coordinate Calibration**.
2. Select **Calibration Mode** as **Manual Calibration**.



Figure 3-2 Manual Calibration

3. Draw the lane lines.
 - 1) Select the lane sum.
 - 2) Select the lane line No.
 - 3) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

The selected lane line will be displayed on the live view picture.

 - 4) Drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
 - 5) Repeat the steps above to draw more lane lines.
4. Draw the calibration area.

- 1) Select **Calibration Point**.
- 2) Click **Calibration**.
- 3) Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the calibration area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.



Note

The number of vertexes should be consistent with the selected number of **Calibration Point**.

- 4) Drag the vertexes of the calibration area to align it to the lanes.



Note

- If the lanes cannot be aligned, ensure the calibration area can contain the detection area.
- You can refer to the schematic diagram and top view description to draw the calibration area.

- 5) **Optional:** Click **Clear** to clear the drawn calibration area.

5. Measure the world coordinates of the vertexes, and enter the values in the corresponding coordinate text fields.



Note

The origin (0, 0) of the world coordinates locates in the middle of the whole lanes detected by the radar. You can refer to the top view of the diagram for the positions.

6. Adjust the radar in two ways if the coordinates fed back from the radar cannot be matched with the measured coordinates when the vehicle passes the calibration position.
 - Adjust the radar until it can feed back the correct position.
 - Adjust the X-coordinates of the calibration points to make them adapt to the coordinates fed back from the radar. The method is to enter the X-coordinates fed back from the radar into the corresponding text fields when the vehicle passes the far left or far right. Adjust finely if there is small deviation to guarantee the radar frames and the video frames can be matched in the field of view.
7. **Optional:** Check **Hide Calibration Lines** to hide the lines on the live view image.
8. Click **Save**.

3.2.2 Auto Calibration

Steps

1. Click **Coordinate Calibration**.
2. Select **Calibration Mode** as **Auto Calibration**.

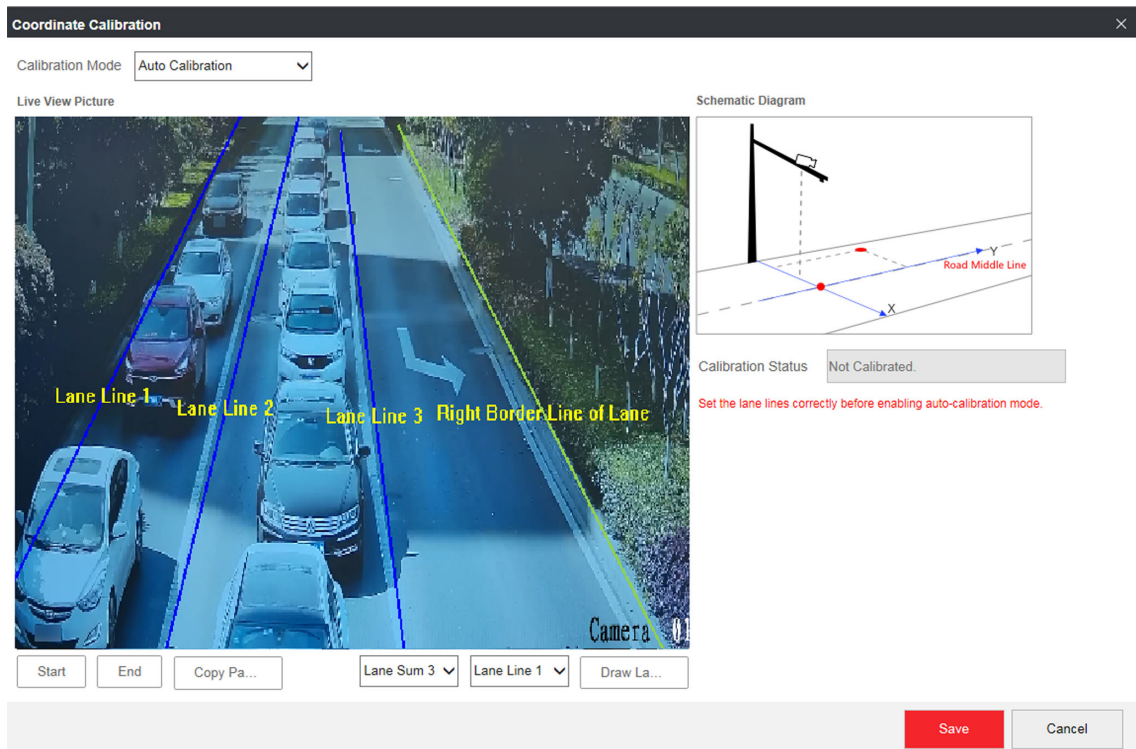


Figure 3-3 Auto Calibration

3. Draw the lane lines.

- 1) Select the lane sum.
- 2) Select the lane line No.
- 3) Click **Draw Lane Line**.

The selected lane line will be displayed on the live view picture.

- 4) Drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 5) Repeat the steps above to draw more lane lines.

4. Click Start.

The auto calibration starts, and you can view the calibration status and progress. 100% means the auto calibration is finished.

5. Optional: Click End if the calibration effect has met the requirement during the process.

6. Optional: Click Copy Parameters to Coordinate Mode to copy the auto calibrated coordinates to the coordinate mode.

7. Click Save.

3.2.3 GPS Coordinate Calibration

The coordinates of vehicle positions can be converted to GPS coordinates to satisfy the requirements of third party or other platforms.

Steps

1. Click **GPS Calibration**.

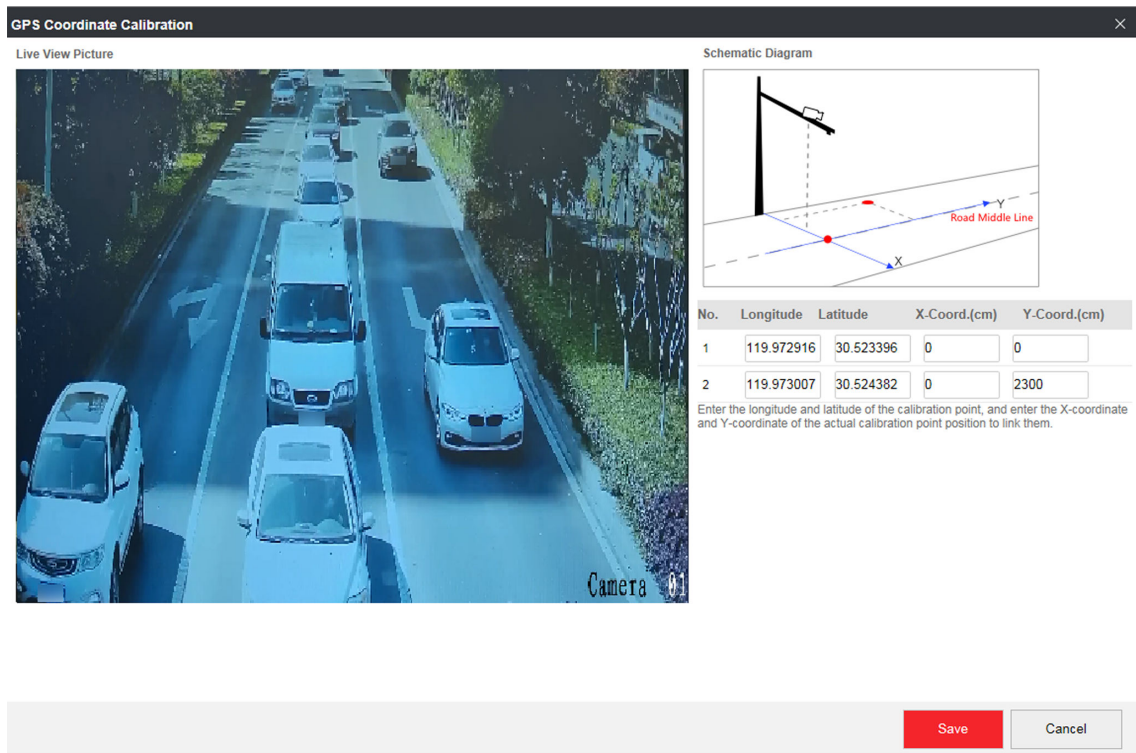


Figure 3-4 GPS Coordinate Calibration

2. Enter the longitudes and latitudes of the two calibration points far away from the road middle line.
3. Enter the coordinates of the two calibration points.
4. Click **Save**.

3.3 Search Detected Vehicles

You can search the radar detected vehicles and export the information.

Steps



Note

The functions vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Click **Radar**.
2. View the vehicle information in the vehicle list.
3. Enter the vehicle No. in the text field to search the vehicle information.
4. **Optional:** Export the vehicle information.

- Search the vehicle first, and click **Export** to export the searched vehicle information to the computer.
- Click **Export** directly to export the information of all the detected vehicles to the computer.

Chapter 4 Vehicle Capture

Note

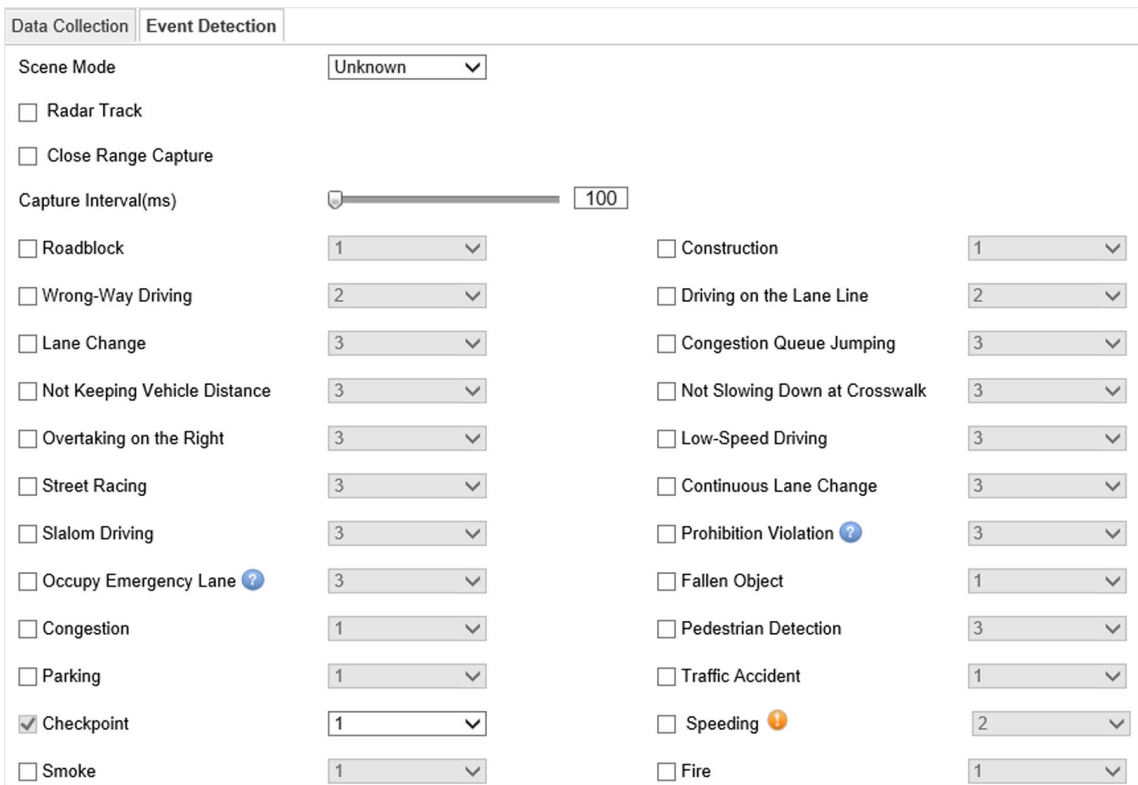
The supported trigger modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

4.1 Set Event Detection

The device supports capturing various traffic events.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Application Mode → Trigger Mode**.
2. Select **Linked Lane Amount**.
3. Click **Event Detection**.



Event Detection Configuration	
Scene Mode	Unknown
☐ Radar Track	
☐ Close Range Capture	
Capture Interval(ms)	100
☐ Roadblock	1
☐ Wrong-Way Driving	2
☐ Lane Change	3
☐ Not Keeping Vehicle Distance	3
☐ Overtaking on the Right	3
☐ Street Racing	3
☐ Slalom Driving	3
☐ Occupy Emergency Lane	3
☐ Congestion	1
☐ Parking	1
☒ Checkpoint	1
☐ Smoke	1
☐ Construction	1
☐ Driving on the Lane Line	2
☐ Congestion Queue Jumping	3
☐ Not Slowing Down at Crosswalk	3
☐ Low-Speed Driving	3
☐ Continuous Lane Change	3
☐ Prohibition Violation	3
☐ Fallen Object	1
☐ Pedestrian Detection	3
☐ Traffic Accident	1
☐ Speeding	2
☐ Fire	1

Figure 4-1 Set Event Detection

4. Select **Scene Mode** according to the actual conditions.
5. Check **Radar Track** or **Close Range Capture** according to the actual needs.

Radar Track

The radar track of the target will be overlaid on the captured picture.

Close Range Capture

Check it and set **Capture Interval**. The device will track the target until one more picture is captured in close distance according to the capture interval.

6. Check the event(s) to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters.



Note

The supported events vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

Sensitivity

The higher the sensitivity is, the more possibly the detected target will be judged as the violation vehicle. If the value is too high, mistaken alarms may be triggered. If the value is too low, there may be missing alarms. Set the value reasonably according to the actual needs.

Alarm Interval

The interval between two alarms.

Duration

When the selected event lasts for the set duration, the vehicle is judged as the violation vehicle.

Vehicle Speed Threshold

It is used to judge if the vehicle is driven in the speed faster than the set threshold.

Display Vehicle Distance

Check it to display vehicle distance on the captured picture.

Vehicle Distance in High Speed

The allowable minimal distance between two vehicles driven on the same lane at high speed.

Vehicle Distance in Low Speed

The allowable minimal distance between two vehicles driven on the same lane at low speed.

Number of Vehicles Overtaking Simultaneously

The maximal number of vehicles overtaking at the same time.

Congestion Duration

When the congestion duration exceeds the set value, the lane will be judged as congested.

Linked Area

Check the lane area(s) to link to the corresponding events.

Speed Limit for Small-Sized Vehicle

The upper speed limit for small-sized vehicles on the lane.

Speed Limit for Large-Sized Vehicle

The upper speed limit for large-sized vehicles on the lane.

Enable Speed Limit for Non-Motor Vehicle

Check it to set upper speed limit for non-motor vehicles according to actual needs.

Lowest Speed Limit

The allowable minimal speed of the vehicle.

Highest Speed Limit

The allowable maximal speed of the vehicle.

Driving Distance

If a vehicle has changed a lane but is driven a distance shorter than the set driving distance on the lane, and then changes another lane, it is judged as continuous lane change.

Pedestrian Type

Check the pedestrian type(s) to be detected, including the walking pedestrian, the pedestrian riding two wheeler or tricycle.

Capture Mode

Set the rule for picture capture.

7. Set the lane parameters.

- 1) Click the lane No.
- 2) Select **Linked Lane No.**
- 3) Select **Lane Direction Type.**
- 4) Select **Lane Type.**
- 5) **Optional:** Check lane(s) to copy the parameters of the current lane to other lane(s).

8. Draw the lane area.

- 1) Click **Draw Area.**
- 2) Select the lane.
- 3) Set the property of the lane lines and right border line.
- 4) Select the default lane lines and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 5) **Optional:** Click **Draw Lane Line** to restore to the default drawing.
- 6) Select the area No., and click **Draw Area** to draw the area.



Note

Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.

-
- 7) **Optional:** Select another area No. and draw the area according to the steps above.
 - 8) Click **OK.**

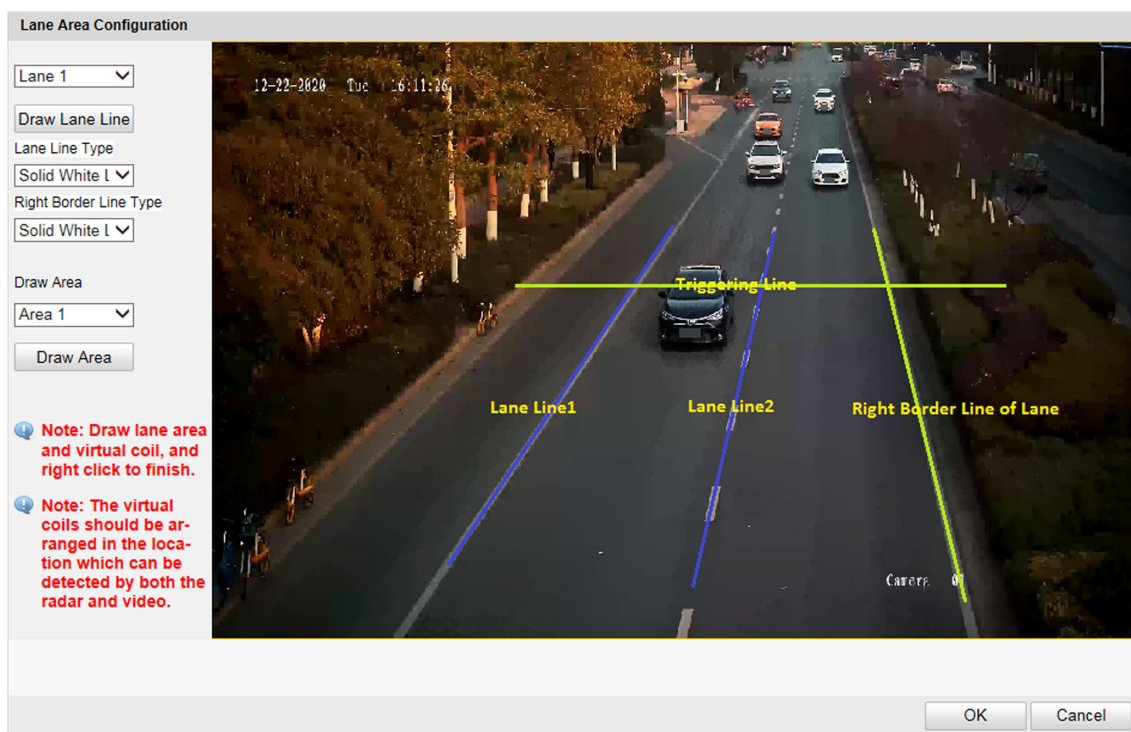


Figure 4-2 Draw Lane Lines and Areas

9. Click **Save**.

4.2 Set Data Collection

You can set the vehicle data collection and analysis parameters.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Application Mode → Trigger Mode**.
2. Select **Linked Lane Amount**.
3. Click **Data Collection**.

Figure 4-3 Set Data Collection

4. Select data upload mode.

Upload Real-Time Data

The vehicle detector will upload the collected data to the server in real time.

Upload Statistics Data

The vehicle detector will upload the collected data to the server according to the set interval.

5. Select Protocol Type.

Unicoil

One coil for each lane.

6. Set the lane data collection parameters.

- 1) Click the lane No.
- 2) Enter **Linked Lane No.**
- 3) Select **Lane Direction** and **Lane Direction Type**.
- 4) **Optional:** Check lane(s) to copy the parameters of the current lane to other lane(s).

7. Draw lane lines and virtual coil areas.

- 1) Click **Draw Area**.
- 2) Select the lane.
- 3) Select the default lane lines and right border line, and drag the two end points of the line or drag the whole line to adjust its position according to the actual scene.
- 4) **Optional:** Click **Draw Lane Line** to restore to the default drawing.

5) Click **Draw Virtual Coil A** to draw the virtual coil area.



Note

- Click the left button of the mouse to locate the vertexes of the virtual coil area on the live view image, and click the right button of the mouse to finish the drawing.
- It is recommended to draw the virtual coil A at the position the distance from which to the image lower edge is the length of two vehicles.

6) Click **OK**.

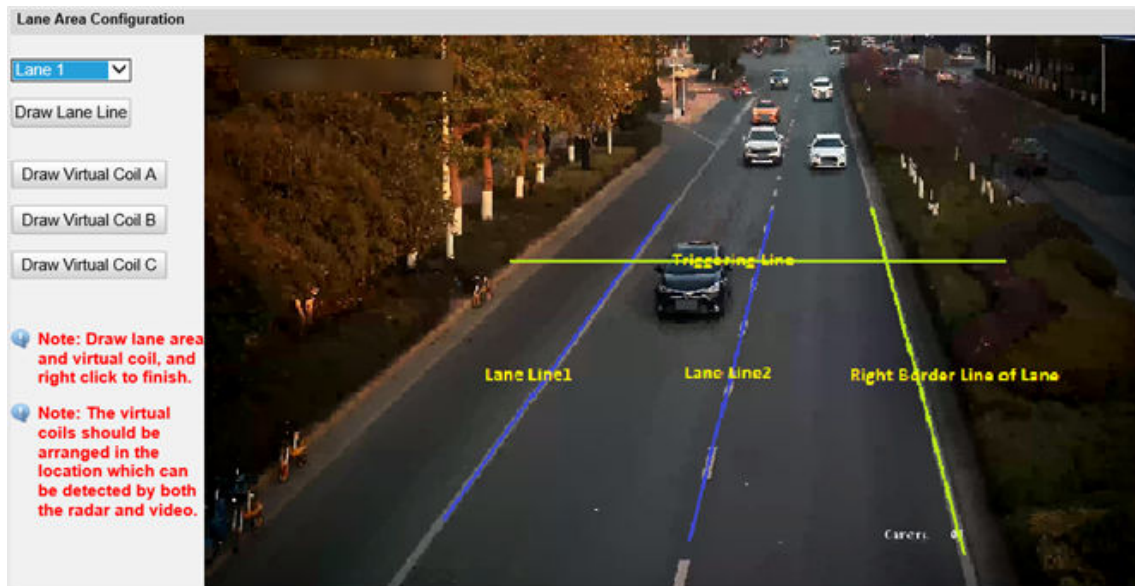


Figure 4-4 Draw Lane Lines and Virtual Coil Areas

8. Click **Save**.

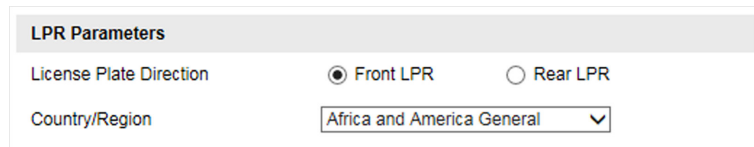
4.3 Set Capture Parameters

4.3.1 Set License Plate Recognition Parameters

When there are vehicles of different types passing from different directions, set the license plate recognition parameters.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Capture Parameters → LPR Parameters** .



LPR Parameters	
License Plate Direction	☒ Front LPR ☐ Rear LPR
Country/Region	Africa and America General

Figure 4-5 Set License Plate Recognition Parameters

2. Select License Plate Direction.

- Select **Front LPR** when license plates of vehicles from the approaching direction need to be recognized.
- Select **Rear LPR** when license plates of vehicles from the leaving direction need to be recognized.

3. Set Country/Region according to the actual needs.

4. Click Save.

4.3.2 Set Supplement Light Parameters

Supplement light can enhance the image stabilization and adjust the brightness and color temperature. You can use supplement light to supplement light at night or when the light is dim.

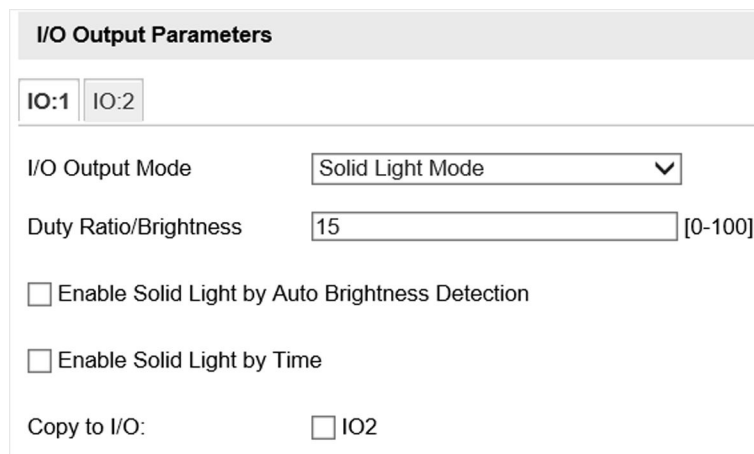
Steps



Note

- Only when the solid light is connected, can the set parameters take effect.
- The supported parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to Configuration → Device Configuration → Capture Parameters → Supplement Light Parameters .



I/O Output Parameters	
IO:1 IO:2	
I/O Output Mode	Solid Light Mode
Duty Ratio/Brightness	15 [0-100]
☐ Enable Solid Light by Auto Brightness Detection	
☐ Enable Solid Light by Time	
Copy to I/O:	☐ IO2

Figure 4-6 Set Supplement Light Parameters

2. Select the I/O.

3. Select **I/O Output Mode**.

- Select **Solid Light Mode** when you need to use the solid light.
- Select **Housing Fan Mode** when you need to use the fan.



Note

I/O output modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

4. Set other control parameters.

Duty Ratio/Brightness

It is the time occupation of the high level in a certain period. The higher the duty ratio, the brighter the solid light. High duty ratio will cut life span of the solid light.

Enable Solid Light by Auto Brightness Detection

Check it when you want the solid light to be controlled by detecting the surroundings brightness automatically. Set **Brightness Threshold**. The higher the threshold is, the harder the solid light can be enabled.

Enable Solid Light by Time

Check it when you want the solid light to be enabled during a fixed time period. Set **Start Time** and **End Time**.

Enable Housing Fan

Under **Housing Fan Mode**, check it when you need to enable the fan.



Note

Enabling solid light by brightness and time are conflicted with each other. You can only enable one function at once.

5. **Optional:** Select other I/O(s) to copy the same settings.

6. Click **Save**.

4.3.3 Set Picture Composition

You can enable the picture composition to composite several pictures into one to make it convenient to view the violation captured pictures.

Steps



Note

Functions and parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Capture Parameters → Picture Composition**.
2. Check **Enable Composition**.

☒ **Enable Composition**

One Picture: N/A(0xff)

Two Pictures: 2 Pics: Up-Down(201)

Three Pictures: 3 Pics: Up-Down(301)

Four Pictures: N/A(0xff)

Close-up Zooming Ratio: 2

Close-up Picture No.: Close View Picture ▼

☐ **Output Close-up Independently**

Figure 4-7 Set Picture Composition

3. Set composition types for different picture quantities.
4. Set other composition parameters.

Close-up Zooming Ratio

The higher the value is, the larger the close-up is.

Close-up Picture No.

It is the picture where the close-up comes from.

5. **Optional:** Check **Output Close-up Independently** to output close-up pictures independently when the picture composition is not enabled.

 Note

Enabling composition and outputting close-up independently functions conflict with each other. You can only enable one.

6. Click **Save**.

4.3.4 Set Capture Overlay

If you want to overlay information on the captured pictures, set capture overlay.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Text Overlay → Capture Overlay Configuration**.
2. Check **Text Overlay on Capture**.

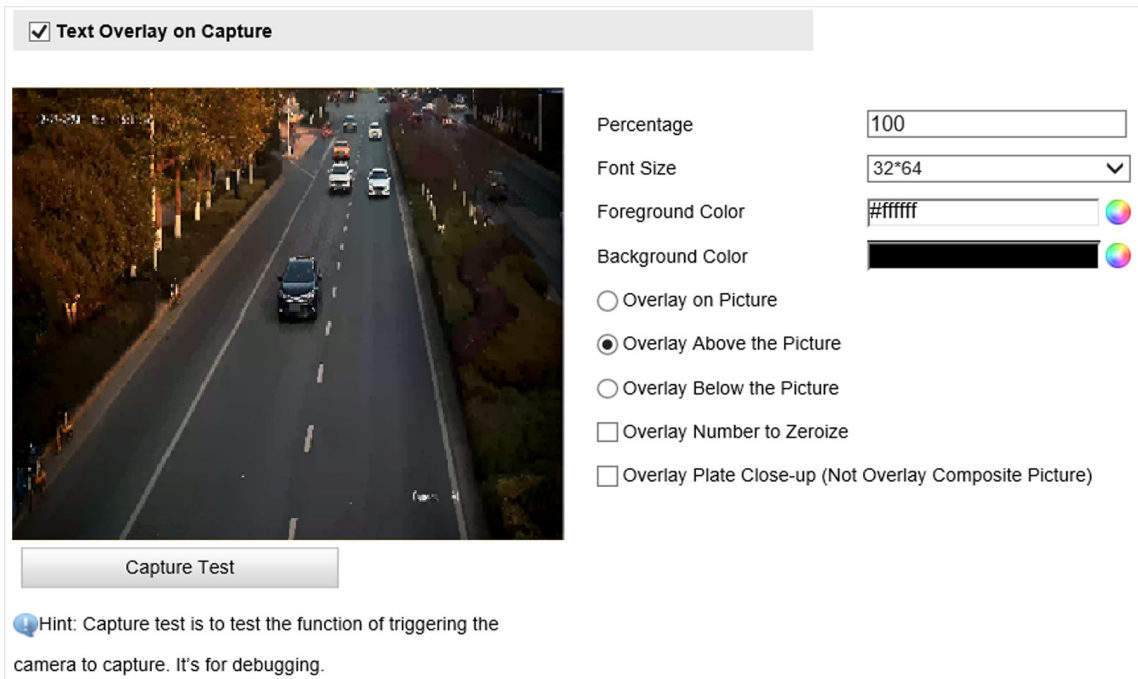


Figure 4-8 Set Capture Overlay

3. Set capture overlay parameters.

Percentage

It is the percentage that the overlaid information occupies on the picture. For example, if you set the percentage to 50, the overlaid information in a row will occupy up to half of the image width, and the excess content will be overlaid from a new line.

Overlay Number to Zeroize

When the overlaid number digits are smaller than the fixed digits, 0 will be overlaid before the overlaid number. For example, the fixed digits for lane No. is 2. If the lane No. is 1, 01 will be overlaid on the picture.

Overlay Plate Close-up

Check it to overlay license plate close-up picture on the captured picture.

4. Select the overlay information from the list.

 Note

The overlay information varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

5. Set the overlay information.

Set Type	You can edit the type.
Set Overlay Information	For some information types, you can edit the detailed information.

Set Overlay Position	If you check it, the current information will be displayed from a new line.
Set Space Number	Edit the number of spaces between the current information and the next one from 0 to 255. 0 means there is no space.
Set Line Break Characters	Edit the number of characters from 0 to 100 between the current information line and the previous information line. 0 means no line break.
Adjust overlay sequence	Click  /  to adjust the display sequence of the overlay information.

6. Click **Save**.

4.3.5 Set Composite Picture Overlay

If you want to overlay information on the composite pictures, set composite picture overlay.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Text Overlay → Composite Picture Overlay Configuration**.
2. Check **Text Overlay on Capture**.

☒ **Text Overlay on Capture**



Percentage

100

Font Size

16*32

Foreground Color

ffffff

Background Color

☐ Overlay Above the Picture

☒ Overlay Below the Picture

Capture Test

Hint: Capture test is to test the function of triggering the camera to capture. It's for debugging.

Figure 4-9 Set Composite Picture Overlay

3. Set composite picture overlay parameters.

Percentage

It is the percentage that the overlaid information occupies on the picture. For example, if you set the percentage to 50, the overlaid information in a row will occupy up to half of the image width, and the excess content will be overlaid from a new line.

4. Select the overlay information from the list.

Note

The overlay information varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

5. Set the overlay information.

Set Type	You can edit the type.
Set Overlay Information	For some information types, you can edit the detailed information.
Set Overlay Position	If you check it, the current information will be displayed from a new line.
Set Space Number	Edit the number of spaces between the current information and the next one from 0 to 255. 0 means there is no space.
Set Line Break Characters	Edit the number of characters from 0 to 100 between the current information line and the previous information line. 0 means no line break.
Adjust overlay sequence	Click  /  to adjust the display sequence of the overlay information.

6. Click **Save**.

4.3.6 Set Vehicle Feature Parameters

Set vehicle feature parameters if you need to detect the vehicle features of the passing vehicle.

Steps

Note

The parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

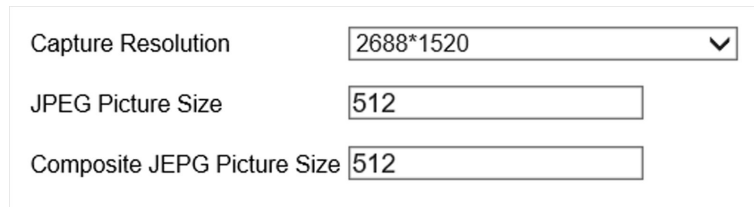
1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Capture Parameters → Vehicle Feature Parameters**.
2. Check the vehicle features that needed to be detected, and set the corresponding parameters.
3. Click **Save**.

4.3.7 Set Image Encoding Parameters

If the captured pictures are not clear, set the resolution of the captured pictures and the picture size.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Image Encoding** .



Capture Resolution	2688*1520
JPEG Picture Size	512
Composite JPEG Picture Size	512

Figure 4-10 Set Image Encoding Parameters

2. Select **Capture Resolution**.

3. Enter the picture size.

JPEG Picture Size

The size of the captured picture.

Composite JPEG Picture Size

The size of the composite picture.

4. Click **Save**.

4.4 View Real-Time Picture

You can view the real-time captured pictures and license plate information.

Steps

1. Go to **Live View → Real-Time Status and Traffic Flow Statistics** .

2. Select an item from the list, and you can view the capture scene picture and license plate picture.



Figure 4-11 Real-Time Picture

3. You can do the following operations on this interface.

- Select the arming mode. **Level 1 Arming** can only connect one client or web. The uploaded pictures will not be stored in the storage card. The pictures in the storage card will be uploaded to the level 1 arming. **Level 2 Arming** can connect three clients or webs. The pictures will be uploaded to the client/web, and stored in the storage card. **Disarm** is to cancel the alarm status or real-time picture.
- Click **Capture** to enable manual capture. The captured pictures will be saved in the set local path. Or you can click **Open Folder** to view the pictures.
- Click **Measure Plate/Ruler On** to measure the license plate pixel. After the measurement, click **Disable/Ruler Off**.
- Click ▼ after **Burst** to set the burst parameters.

Pictures Per Burst

Up to five pictures can be captured per burst.

Burst Interval

Up to four intervals can be set, and the default interval is 100 s.

Click **Burst**, and the device will capture pictures according to the set intervals.

4.5 Search Picture

You can search the captured pictures stored in the storage card and export the pictures you need.

Before You Start

Install the storage card, and ensure the storage status is normal.

Steps

1. Click **Picture**.
2. Set the search conditions such as **Lane No.**, **Vehicle Type**, etc.
3. Click **Search**.

The searched pictures information will be displayed in the picture list.



Note

If you have set level 1 arming for the device, the captured pictures will not be saved in the storage card. Go to the saving path of scene pictures to view them. You can go to **Configuration** → **Local Configuration** to get the saving path.

-
4. **Optional:** Click  to preview the selected picture.

You can view the captured picture and the related information such as the capture time, lane No., license plate number, etc.

5. **Optional:** Check a picture or several pictures and click **Export Picture** to export it/them to the saving path you have set.

The downloaded picture(s) will be marked as "Downloaded". You can go to **Configuration** → **Local Configuration** to get the saving path of downloaded pictures.

Chapter 5 Live View and Local Configuration

5.1 Live View

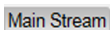
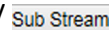
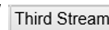
5.1.1 Start/Stop Live View

Click  to start live view. Click  to stop live view.

5.1.2 Select Image Display Mode

Click    to display the image in 4:3/16:9/self-adaptive display mode.

5.1.3 Select Stream Type

Click  /  /  to select the stream type. It is recommended to select the main stream to get the high-quality image when the network condition is good, and select the sub-stream to get the fluent image when the network condition is not good enough. The third stream is custom.

5.1.4 Capture Picture Manually

You can capture pictures manually on the live view image and save them to the computer.

Steps

1. Click  to start live view.
2. Click  to capture a picture.
3. **Optional:** Click **Configuration** → **Local Configuration** to view the saving path of snapshots in live view.

5.1.5 Record Manually

You can record videos manually on the live view image and save them to the computer.

Steps

1. Click  to start live view.
2. Click  to start recording.
3. Click  to stop recording.
4. **Optional:** Click **Configuration** → **Local Configuration** to view the saving path of record files.

5.1.6 Enable Digital Zoom

You can enable digital zoom to zoom in a certain part of the live view image.

Steps

1. Click  to start live view.
2. Click  to enable digital zoom.
3. Place the cursor on the live view image position which needs to be zoomed in. Drag the mouse rightwards and downwards to draw an area.
The area will be zoomed in.
4. Click any position of the image to restore to normal image.
5. Click  to disable digital zoom.

5.1.7 Enable Regional Exposure

Enable regional exposure to expose partial area of the live view image.

Steps

1. Click .
2. Drag the cursor downwards and rightwards to select an area in the live view image.
The selected area can be exposed.
3. Click  to disable regional exposure.

5.1.8 Enable Wiper

 is a reserved function.

5.2 Local Configuration

Go to **Configuration → Local Configuration** to set the live view parameters and change the saving paths of videos, captured pictures, scene pictures, etc.

Live View Parameters			
Protocol	☒ TCP	☐ UDP	
Live View Performance	☐ Real Time	☐ Balanced	☒ Fluent
Rule Information	☐ Enable	☒ Disable	
Feature Information	☐ Enable	☒ Disable	
Radar Track	☐ Enable	☒ Disable	

Record File Settings	
Record File Size	☐ 256M ☒ 512M ☐ 1G
Save record files to	D:\ Browse

Picture and Clip Settings	
Save snapshots in live view to	D:\ Browse
Save downloaded pictures to	D:\ Browse
Save scene picture to	D:\ Browse

Figure 5-1 Local Configuration

Protocol

Select the network transmission protocol according to the actual needs.

TCP

Ensures complete delivery of streaming data and better video quality, yet the real-time transmission will be affected.

UDP

Provides real-time audio and video streams.

Live View Performance

Real Time

The video is real-time, but the video fluency may be affected.

Balanced

Balanced mode considers both the real time and fluency of the video.

Fluent

When the network condition is good, the video is fluent.

Rule Information

If you enable the rule information, tracking frames will be displayed on the live view interface when there are vehicles passing.

Feature Information

If you enable the feature information, information of the lane, traffic flow, speed, etc. will be displayed on the live view interface.

Record File Size

Select the packed size of the manually recorded video files. After the selection, the max. record file size is the value you selected.

Save record files to

Set the saving path for the manually recorded video files.

Save snapshots in live view to

Set the saving path of the manually captured pictures in live view mode.

Save downloaded pictures to

Set the saving path for the downloaded pictures.

Save scene picture to

Set the saving path of the captured pictures in the **Real-Time Status and Traffic Flow Statistics** interface.



Note

The parameters vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

Chapter 6 Record and Capture

6.1 Set Storage Path

6.1.1 Set Storage Card

If you want to store the files to the storage card, make sure you insert and format the storage card in advance.

Before You Start

Insert the storage card to the device.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Storage Management**.

HDD No.	Capacity	Free space	Status	Type	Property	Progress
1	58.94GB	57.13GB	Normal	SD Card	R/W	

☐ Format Backup Storage Automatically

☐ Upload Backup Storage Information Automatically

HDD Quota

Picture Capacity: 60350 MB

Record Capacity: 0 MB

Picture Quota: 100 %

Record Quota: 0 %

Figure 6-1 Set Storage Card

2. Format the storage card in two ways.
 - Check the storage card, and click **Format** to format it manually.

Note

For the newly installed storage card, you need to format it manually before using it normally.

- If you want to format the storage card automatically when the card is abnormal, check **Format Backup Storage Automatically**.
3. **Optional:** If the device has been connected to the platform, and you want to upload the storage card information automatically, check **Upload Backup Storage Information Automatically**.
 4. Click **Save**.

6.1.2 Set FTP

Set FTP parameters if you want to upload the captured pictures to the FTP server.

Before You Start

Set the FTP server, and ensure the device can communicate normally with the server.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → FTP**.
2. Enable the FTP server.

Upload to FTP

Enable FTP Enable One

☐ Upload Additional Information

FTP1

Server Address Directory Structure Save in Root Dire

Port Parent Directory Device Name

User Name Level 2 Directory Device Name

Password Level 3 Directory Device Name

Confirm Level 4 Directory Device Name

☐ Not Upload Plate Close-up

FTP Saving Path/Picture Encoding Mode utf-8 FTP Test

Figure 6-2 Set FTP

3. **Optional:** Check **Upload Additional Information**, and then the related information can be attached when uploading.
4. Set FTP parameters.
 - 1) Enter **Server Address** and **Port**.
 - 2) Enter **User Name** and **Password**, and confirm the password.
 - 3) Select **Directory Structure**.

Note

If multiple directories are needed, you can customize the directory name.

5. **Optional:** Check **Not Upload Plate Close-up** if the license plate close-up pictures are not needed to be uploaded.
6. **Optional:** Click **FTP Test** to test the server connection.
7. Set the name rule and separator according to the actual needs.
8. **Optional:** Edit OSD information which can be uploaded to the FTP server with the pictures to make it convenient to view and distinguish the data.
9. Click **Save**.

6.1.3 Set Listening Host

The listening host can be used to receive the uploaded information and pictures of the device arming alarm.

Before You Start

The listening service has been enabled for the listening host, and the network communication with the device is normal.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Network Interface Parameters**.

Enable Picture Uploading Listening:	☐
ANPR IP Address/Domain:	0.0.0.0
ANPR Port:	80
Listening Host IP Address/Domain:	0.0.0.0
Listening Host Port:	7200
Preferred DNS Address:	0.0.0.0
Multicast Address:	0.0.0.0

Figure 6-3 Set Listening Host

2. Set **ANPR IP Address/Domain** and **ANPR Port** if you need to upload the alarm information and pictures.
3. Set **Listening Host IP Address/Domain** and **Listening Host Port**, and check **Enable Picture Uploading Listening** if you need to upload the alarm information and pictures.



Note

ANPR and listening conflict with each other. When you enable listening host, pictures will be uploaded via listening host in priority. When you disable listening and have set ANPR IP address and port, pictures will be uploaded via ANPR protocol.

4. **Optional:** Set **Preferred DNS Address** if you need to visit the device with domain name.
5. **Optional:** Set **Multicast Address** if you need to preview the picture via the multicast group.
6. Click **Save**.

6.1.4 Set Cloud Storage

Cloud storage is a kind of network storage. It can be used as the extended storage to save the captured pictures.

Before You Start

- Arrange the cloud storage server.
- You have enabled level 1 arm in **Real-Time Status and Traffic Flow Statistics**.

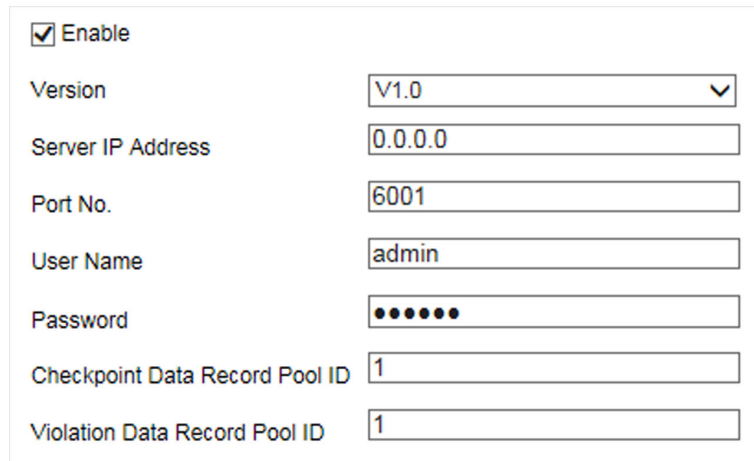


Note

The real-time status and traffic flow statistics should be used with dedicated platform.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Cloud Storage** .



☒ Enable	
Version	V1.0
Server IP Address	0.0.0.0
Port No.	6001
User Name	admin
Password	•••••
Checkpoint Data Record Pool ID	1
Violation Data Record Pool ID	1

Figure 6-4 Set Cloud Storage

2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select **Version**.
4. Set the server parameters.
 - 1) Enter **Server IP Address** and **Port No.**
 - 2) If you select **V2.0**, enter **accessKey** and **secretKey** of the resource pool.

Note

If you select **V1.0**, enter **User Name** and **Password**.

- 3) Enter the ID according to the storage area No. of the server.

5. Click **Save**.

6.2 Set Quota

Set the video and picture ratio in the storage.

Before You Start

Install the storage card.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Storage Management** .
2. Set **Picture Quota** and **Record Quota** according to the actual needs.

Note

The percentage sum of the picture and record quota ratio should be 100%.

3. Click **Save**.

What to do next

Format the storage card after the settings.

6.3 Set Record Schedule

Set record schedule to record video automatically during configured time periods.

Before You Start

Ensure the storage status is normal. You are recommended to set the video quota ratio as not 0.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Record Schedule** .

Record Stream: Main Stream ▼

☒ Enable Overwritten Recording

☒ Enable Record Schedule Edit

	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
Mon													
Tue													
Wed													
Thu													
Fri													
Sat													
Sun													

■ Normal

Figure 6-5 Set Record Schedule

2. **Optional:** Check **Enable Overwritten Recording**.

When the storage is full, the earliest videos will be overwritten.

3. Check **Enable Record Schedule**.

4. Click **Edit** to edit the record schedule.

- 1) Select **Customize**.

- 2) Set the start time and end time.

- 3) **Optional:** Select the other days and click **Copy** to copy the settings to other days.

- 4) Click **OK**.

5. Click **Save**.

Chapter 7 Encoding and Display

7.1 Set Video Encoding Parameters

Set video encoding parameters to adjust the live view and recording effect.

- When the network signal is good and the speed is fast, you can set high resolution and bitrate to raise the image quality.
- When the network signal is bad and the speed is slow, you can set low resolution, bitrate, and frame rate to guarantee the image fluency.
- When the network signal is bad, but the resolution should be guaranteed, you can set low bitrate and frame rate to guarantee the image fluency.
- Main stream stands for the best stream performance the device supports. It usually offers the best resolution and frame rate the device can do. But high resolution and frame rate usually means larger storage space and higher bandwidth requirements in transmission. Sub-stream usually offers comparatively low resolution options, which consumes less bandwidth and storage space. Third stream is offered for customized usage.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → Video Encoding**.
2. Set the parameters for different streams.

Stream Type

Only video stream is available.

Bitrate

Select relatively large bitrate if you need good image quality and effect, but more storage spaces will be consumed. Select relatively small bitrate if storage requirement is in priority.

Frame Rate

It is to describe the frequency at which the video stream is updated and it is measured by frames per second (fps). A higher frame rate is advantageous when there is movement in the video stream, as it maintains image quality throughout.

Resolution

The higher the resolution is, the clearer the image will be. Meanwhile, the network bandwidth requirement is higher.

SVC

Scalable Video Coding (SVC) is an extension of the H.264/AVC and H.265 standard. Enable the function and the device will automatically extract frames from the original video when the network bandwidth is insufficient.

Bitrate Type

Select the bitrate type to constant or variable.

Image Quality

When bitrate type is variable, 6 levels of image quality are selectable. The higher the image quality is, the higher requirements of the network bandwidth.

Profile

When you select H.264 or H.265 as video encoding, you can set the profile. Selectable profiles vary according to device models.

I Frame Interval

It refers to the number of frames between two key frames. The larger the I frame interval is, the smaller the stream fluctuation is, but the image quality is not that good.

Video Encoding

The device supports multiple video encoding types, such as H.264, H.265, and MJPEG. Supported encoding types for different stream types may differ. H.265 is a new encoding technology. Compared with H.264, it reduces the transmission bitrate under the same resolution, frame rate, and image quality.

3. Click **Save**.

7.2 Set Image Parameters

You can adjust the image parameters to get clear image.

Steps



Note

The supported parameters may vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Image Parameters → General Parameters / Configuration → Device Configuration → Image Parameters → Video** .

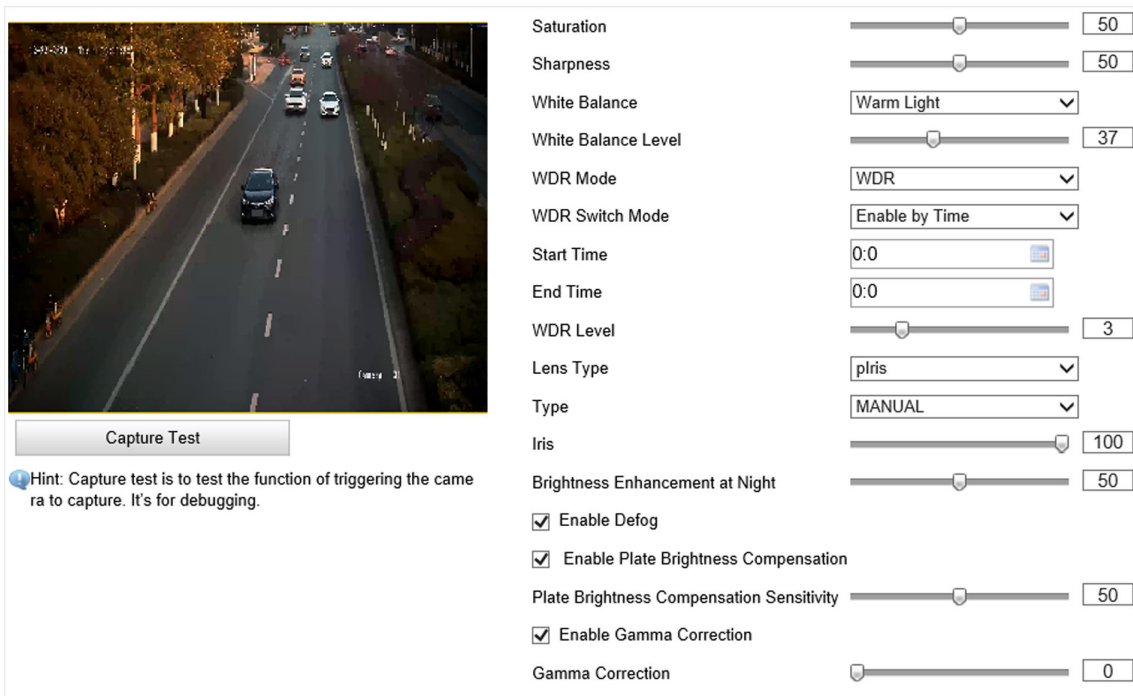


Figure 7-1 Set General Parameters

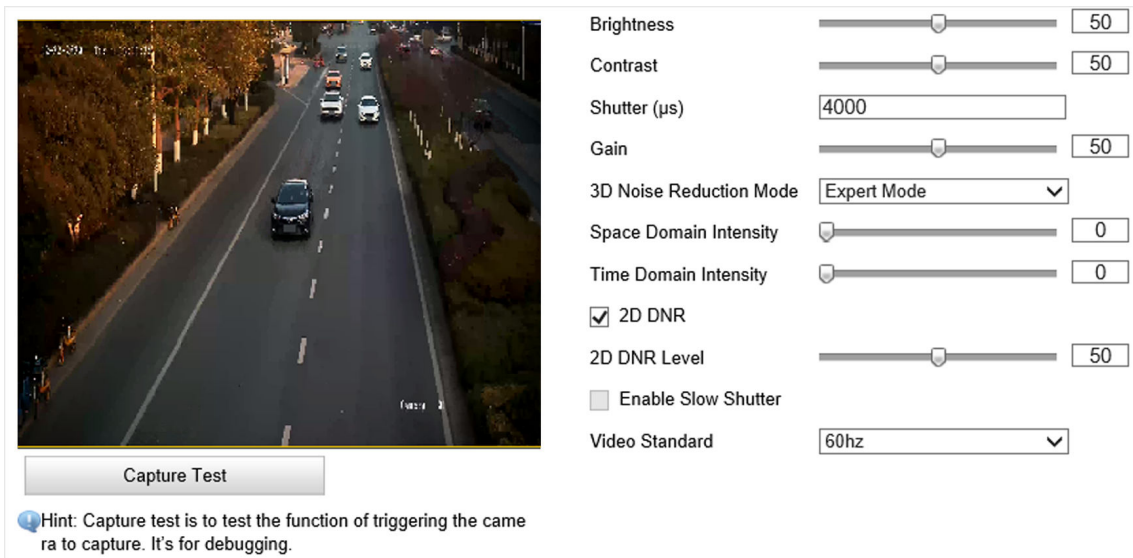


Figure 7-2 Set Video Image Parameters

2. Set the relevant parameters.

Saturation

It refers to the colorfulness of the image color.

Sharpness

It refers to the edge contrast of the image.

White Balance

It is the white rendition function of the device used to adjust the color temperature according to the environment. The higher the **White Balance Level** is, the stronger the effect is.

WDR Mode

Wide Dynamic Range (WDR) can be used when there is a high contrast of the bright area and the dark area of the scene.

Lens Type

In **Auto** mode, the lens can adjust automatically according to the current light strength. In **Manual** mode, you need to adjust the lens manually. Choose **piris** if the lens has been changed to piris lens and set the type and iris value accordingly.

Brightness Enhancement at Night

The scene brightness will be enhanced at night automatically.

Enable Defog

Enable it to get a clear image in foggy days.

Enable Plate Brightness Compensation

Enable plate brightness compensation to realize brightness compensation of the license plate. The higher the sensitivity is, the easier this function can be enabled.

Enable Gamma Correction

The higher the gamma correction value is, the stronger the correction strength is.

Brightness

It refers to the max. brightness of the image.

Contrast

It refers to the contrast of the image. Set it to adjust the levels and permeability of the image.

Shutter

If the shutter speed is quick, the details of the moving objects can be displayed better. If the shutter speed is slow, the outline of the moving objects will be fuzzy and trailing will appear.

Gain

It refers to the upper limit value of limiting image signal amplification. It is recommended to set a high gain if the illumination is not enough, and set a low gain if the illumination is enough.

3D Noise Reduction Mode

In **Normal Mode**, the higher the **Noise Reduction Level** is, the stronger the noise will be reduced. But if it is too high, the image may become fuzzy.

In **Expert Mode**, set **Space Domain Intensity** and **Time Domain Intensity**. If the space domain intensity is too high, the outline of the image may become fuzzy and the details may be lost. If the time domain intensity is too high, trailing may appear.

2D DNR

The higher the **2D DNR Level** is, the stronger the noise will be reduced. But if it is too high, the image may become fuzzy.

Enable Slow Shutter

This function can be used in underexposure condition. It lengthens the shutter time to ensure full exposure. The higher the **Slow Shutter Level** is, the slower the shutter speed is.

Video Standard

Select the video standard according to the actual power supply frequency.

7.3 Set ICR

ICR adopts mechanical IR filter to filter IR in the day to guarantee the image effect, and to remove the IR filter at night to guarantee full-spectrum rays can get through the device.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Image Parameters → ICR** .
2. Select **ICR Mode**.

Auto-Switch	Switches to ICR mode automatically at night or in dark light conditions.
Manual Switch	Select Day/Night Mode to switch to the day or night manually.
Scheduled Mode	Set day/night mode, start time, and end time to switch to ICR mode only during the set time period.
No Switch	Disable the ICR mode.

3. Click **Save**.

7.4 Set ROI

ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to assign more encoding resources to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

Before You Start

Please check the video encoding type. ROI is supported when the video encoding type is H.264 or H.265.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Encoding and Storage → ROI** .

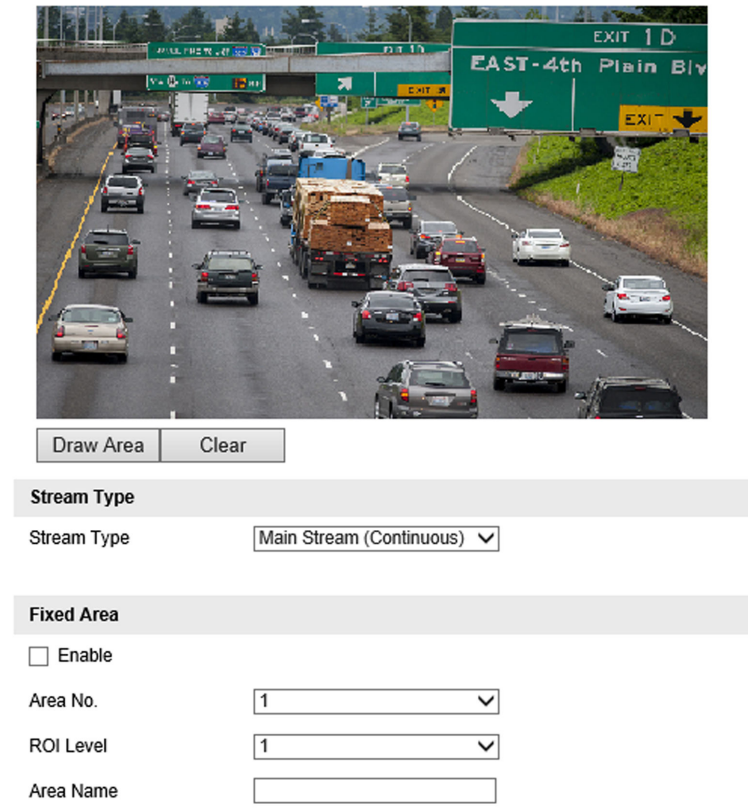


Figure 7-3 Set ROI

2. Select **Stream Type**.
3. Set ROI region.
 - 1) Check **Enable**.
 - 2) Select **Area No**.
 - 3) Click **Draw Area**.
 - 4) Drag the mouse on the live view image to draw a fixed area.
 - 5) Select the fixed area that needs to be adjusted and drag the mouse to adjust its position.
 - 6) Click **Stop Drawing**.
4. Select **Area No.** and **ROI Level** and enter **Area Name**.



Note

The higher the ROI level is, the clearer the image of the detected area is.

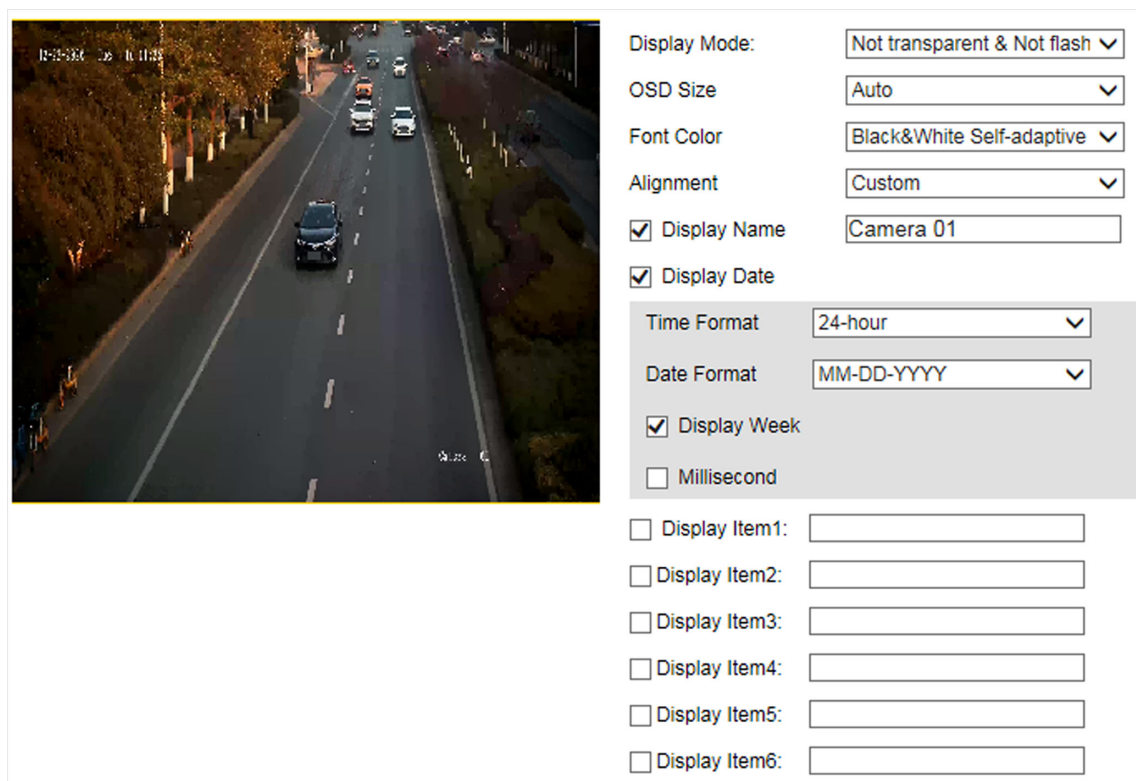
5. Click **Save**.
6. **Optional:** Select other area codes and repeat the steps above if you need to draw multiple fixed areas.

7.5 Set OSD

You can customize OSD information on the live view.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Text Overlay → OSD Settings**.



Display Mode: Not transparent & Not flash

OSD Size: Auto

Font Color: Black&White Self-adaptive

Alignment: Custom

☒ Display Name: Camera 01

☒ Display Date

Time Format: 24-hour

Date Format: MM-DD-YYYY

☒ Display Week

☐ Millisecond

☐ Display Item1:

☐ Display Item2:

☐ Display Item3:

☐ Display Item4:

☐ Display Item5:

☐ Display Item6:

Figure 7-4 Set OSD

2. Set the display mode, size, color, etc.

Note

The supported functions vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

3. Set the display content.
 - 1) Check **Display Name** and enter the name.
 - 2) Check **Display Date**, and set the time and date format.
 - 3) Check **Display Week** or **Millisecond** according to your needs.
4. **Optional:** Check the display item(s) and enter information in the text field(s).
5. Drag the red frames on the live view image to adjust the OSD positions.
6. Click **Save**.

Result

The set OSD will be displayed in live view image and recorded videos.

Chapter 8 Network Configuration

8.1 Set IP Address

IP address must be properly configured before you operate the device over network. IPv4 and IPv6 are both supported. Both versions can be configured simultaneously without conflicting to each other.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Network Interface Parameters** .

Dual-NIC Mode Multi-Network Isolation

NIC Parameters

LAN 1

NIC Type: 10M/100M/1000M Self-

☐ DHCP

IP Address: 192.168.1.64

IPv6 Mode DHCP

IPv6 Address ::

IPv6 Gateway ::

IPv6 Subnet Mask 0

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.1.1

MTU Size: 1500

MAC Address: 2c:a5:9c:d7:79:0a

LAN 2

NIC Type: 10M/100M/1000M Self-

☐ DHCP

IP Address: 192.168.0.65

IPv6 Mode Route Advertisement View Route Advertisement

IPv6 Address ::

IPv6 Gateway ::

IPv6 Subnet Mask 0

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.0.1

MTU Size: 1500

MAC Address: 2c:a5:9c:d7:79:0b

NIC 2 Router

Route Address: 0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0

Network Parameters

Enable Picture Uploading Listening: ☐

ANPR IP Address/Domain: 0.0.0.0

ANPR Port: 80

Listening Host IP Address/Domain: 0.0.0.0

Listening Host Port: 7200

Preferred DNS Address: 0.0.0.0

Multicast Address: 0.0.0.0

Figure 8-1 Set IP Address

- 2. Select **Dual-NIC Mode**.
- 3. Set the parameters below.

NIC Type

Select a NIC (Network Interface Card) type according to your network condition.

IP Address

Two modes are available.

DHCP

The device automatically gets the IP parameters from the network if you check **DHCP**. The device IP address is changed after enabling the function. You can use SADP to get the device IP address.



The network that the device is connected to should support DHCP.

Manual

You can set the device IP parameters manually. Enter **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Gateway**.

IPv6

Three IPv6 modes are available.

Route Advertisement

The IPv6 address is generated by combining the route advertisement and the device Mac address.



Route advertisement mode requires the support from the router that the device is connected to.

DHCP

The IPv6 address is assigned by the server, router, or gateway.

Manual

Enter **IPv6 Address**, **IPv6 Subnet Mask**, and **IPv6 Gateway**. Consult the network administrator for required information.

MTU

It stands for maximum transmission unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction.

The valid value range of MTU is 1280 to 1500.

Multicast

Multicast is group communication where data transmission is addressed to a group of destination devices simultaneously. After setting **Multicast Address**, you can send the source data efficiently to multiple receivers.

Router

Enter **Route Address** and **Subnet Mask** if the device is connected to a router.

DNS

It stands for domain name server. It is required if you need to visit the device with domain name. And it is also required for some applications (e.g., sending email). Set **Preferred DNS Server** properly if needed.

4. Click **Save**.

8.2 Connect to ISUP Platform

ISUP (EHome) is a platform access protocol. The device can be remotely accessed via this platform.

Before You Start

- Create the device ID on ISUP platform.
- Ensure the device can communicate with the platform normally.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → ISUP Protocol** .

☒ Enable

Protocol Version: v5.0

Platform IP Address: 127.0.0.1

Platform Port: 7660

Camera No.: 123456789

Encryption Key: ●●●●●●

Registration Status: Offline

Unable to send picture to ISUP platform at the first access. Please restart the system and try again.

Save

Figure 8-2 Connect to ISUP Platform

2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select **Protocol Version**.
4. Enter **Platform IP Address**, **Platform Port**, and **Camera No**.



Note

The camera No. should be the same with the added one on the ISUP platform.

5. **Optional:** Enter **Encryption Key** if you select **v5.0**.

6. Click **Save**.

7. **Optional:** View **Registration Status**.



Note

When the registration status shows online, you can add or manage the device via the platform software. Refer to its corresponding manual for details.

8.3 Set DDNS

You can use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) for network access. The dynamic IP address of the device can be mapped to a domain name resolution server to realize the network access via domain name.

Before You Start

- Register the domain name on the DDNS server.
- Set the LAN IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server parameters. Refer to "Set IP Address" for details.
- Complete port mapping. The default ports are 80, 8000, and 554.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → DDNS**.

Figure 8-3 Set DDNS

2. Check **Enable DDNS**.

3. Enter the server address and other information.

4. Click **Save**.

5. Access the device.

By Browser

Enter the domain name in the browser address bar to access the device.

By Client Software Add domain name to the client software. Refer to the client software manual for specific adding methods.

8.4 Set IEEE 802.1X

IEEE 802.1X is a port-based network access control. It enhances the security level of the LAN/WLAN. When devices connect to the network with IEEE 802.1X standard, the authentication is needed.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → 802.1X** .

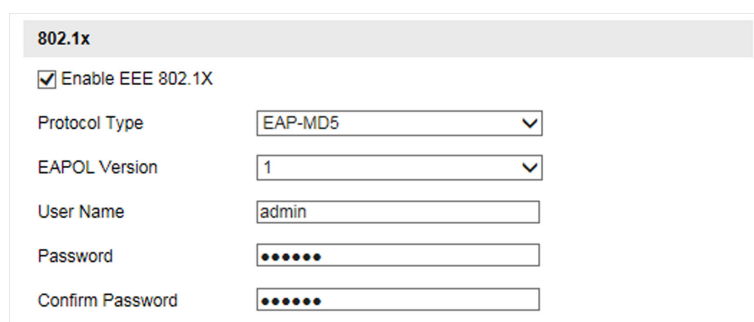


Figure 8-4 Set IEEE 802.1X

2. Check **Enable IEEE 802.1X**.

3. Select **Protocol Type** and **EAPOL Version**.

Protocol Type

If you use **EAP-MD5**, the authentication server must be configured. Register a user name and password for 802.1X in the server in advance. Enter the user name and password for authentication.

EAPOL Version

The EAPOL version must be identical with that of the router or the switch.

4. Enter **User Name** and **Password** registered in the server.

5. Confirm the password.

6. Click **Save**.

8.5 Set Image and Video Library

Set the interaction parameters of the device consistent with those of the image and video library platform via the image and video library (1400) protocol, and register the device on the platform. When the device generates alarm signals, the alarm information will be sent to the platform.

Steps

Note

The function varies with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Image and Video Library**.
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set the parameters such as the device ID, user name, password, etc.

Note

The parameters should be consistent with those on the image and video library platform.

4. Set other parameters.

Heartbeat Cycle

The connection time between the device and the image and video library platform.

Max. Times of Heartbeat Timeout

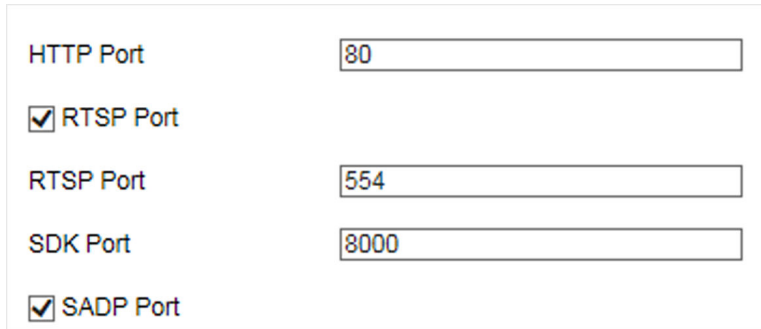
The max. times of heartbeat timeout when the device connects to the image and video library platform.

5. View **Registration Status**.
6. Set **Camera ID** of the channel.
7. Click **Save**.

8.6 Set Port

The device port can be modified when the device cannot access the network due to port conflicts.

Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Port** for port settings.



HTTP Port	80
☒ RTSP Port	
RTSP Port	554
SDK Port	8000
☒ SADP Port	

Figure 8-5 Set Port

HTTP Port

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device. For example, when the **HTTP Port** is modified to 81, you need to enter **http://192.168.1.64:81** in the browser for login.

RTSP Port

It refers to the port of real-time streaming protocol.

SDK Port

It refers to the port through which the client adds the device.

SADP Port

It refers to the port through which the SADP software searches the device.



Note

- After editing the port, access to the device via new port.
 - Reboot the device to take the new settings into effect.
 - The supported ports vary with different models. The actual device prevails.
-

Chapter 9 Serial Port Configuration

9.1 Set RS-485

Set RS-485 parameters if the device needs to be connected to other peripheral devices controlled by RS-485 serial port.

Before You Start

The corresponding device has been connected via the RS-485 serial port.

Steps

Note

The supported parameters may vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Serial Port Parameters** .

RS-485 Parameters						
RS-485 No.	Baud Rate	Data Bit	Stop Bit	Parity	Flow Ctrl	Working Mode
1	38400	8	1	None	None	Application Trigger

Figure 9-1 Set RS-485

2. Set **Baud Rate, Data Bit, Stop Bit, Parity, and Flow Ctrl.**

Note

The parameters should be same with those of the connected device.

3. Select **Working Mode** as **Application Trigger**.

Application Trigger

When a signal trigger device (such as radar) gets connected to the device via the RS-485 serial port, select this mode for receiving trigger signals.

4. Click **Save**.

9.2 Set RS-232

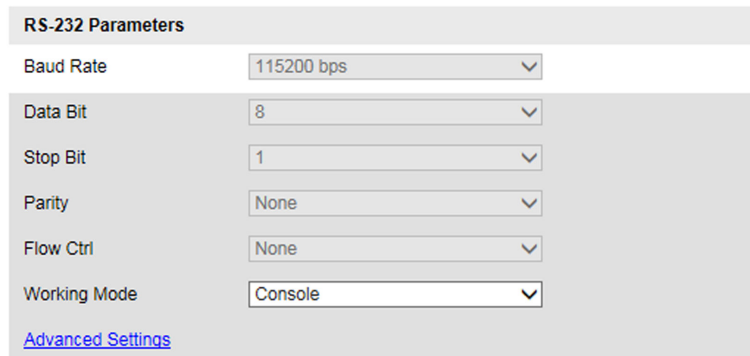
Set RS-232 parameters if you need to debug the device via RS-232 serial port.

Before You Start

The debugging device has been connected via the RS-232 serial port.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Serial Port Parameters** .
2. Click **Advanced Settings**.



RS-232 Parameters	
Baud Rate	115200 bps
Data Bit	8
Stop Bit	1
Parity	None
Flow Ctrl	None
Working Mode	Console
Advanced Settings	

Figure 9-2 Set RS-232

3. Set Baud Rate, Data Bit, Stop Bit, etc.



Note

The parameters should be same with those of the connected device.

4. Select Working Mode.

Console

Select it when you need to debug the device via RS-232 serial port.

Transparent Channel

Select it, and the network command can be transmitted to RS-232 control command via the RS-232 serial port.

Narrow Band Transmission

Reserved.

5. Click Save.

Chapter 10 Exception Alarm

Set exception alarm when the network is disconnected, the IP address is conflicted, etc.

Steps

 Note

The supported exception types vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Events → Exception Event** .

Enable	Exception Type	Notify Surveillance Center	Trigger Alarm Output	Alarm Duration (s)
☐	HDD Error			
☐	Network Disconnected			
☐	IP Address Conflicted			

Figure 10-1 Set Exception Alarm

2. Select the exception type(s) and the linkage method.
3. Click **Save**.

Chapter 11 Safety Management

11.1 Manage User

The administrator can add, modify, or delete other accounts, and grant different permissions to different user levels.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → User Management**.
2. Add a user.
 - 1) Click **Add**.
 - 2) Enter **User Name** and select **Level**.
 - 3) Enter **Admin Password**, **Password**, and confirm the password.



Caution

To increase security of using the device on the network, please change the password of your account regularly. Changing the password every 3 months is recommended. If the device is used in high-risk environment, it is recommended that the password should be changed every month or week.

-
- 4) Assign remote permission to users based on needs.

User

Users can be assigned permission of viewing live video and changing their own passwords, but no permission for other operations.

Operator

Operators can be assigned all permission except for operations on the administrator and creating accounts.

- 5) Click **OK**.



Note

The administrator can add up to 31 user accounts.

-
3. You can do the following operations.
 - Select a user and click **Modify** to change the password and permission.
 - Select a user and click **Delete** to delete the user.

11.2 Enable User Lock

To raise the data security, you are recommended to lock the current IP address.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Service**.
2. Check **Enable User Lock**.

3. Click **Save**.

Result

When the times you entered incorrect passwords have reached the limit, the current IP address will be locked automatically.

11.3 Set HTTPS

11.3.1 Create and Install Self-signed Certificate

HTTPS is a network protocol that enables encrypted transmission and identity authentication, which improves the security of remote access.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → HTTPS**.
2. Select **Create Self-Signed Certificate**.
3. Click **Create**.
4. Follow the prompt to enter **Country/Region, IP Address, Valid Date (Day)**, and other parameters.
5. Click **OK**.

Result

The device will install the self-signed certificate by default.

11.3.2 Install Authorized Certificate

If the demand for external access security is high, you can create and install authorized certificate via HTTPS protocol to ensure the data transmission security.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → HTTPS**.
2. Select **Create the certificate request first and continue the installation**.
3. Click **Create**.
4. Follow the prompt to enter **Country/Region, IP Address**, and other parameters.
5. Click **Download** to download the certificate request and submit it to the trusted authority for signature.
6. Import certificate to the device.
 - Select **Signed certificate is available. Start the installation directly**. Click **Browse** and **Install** to import the certificate to the device.
 - Select **Create the certificate request first and continue the installation**. Click **Browse** and **Install** to import the certificate to the device.
7. Click **Save**.

11.4 Set SSH

To raise network security, disable SSH service. The configuration is only used to debug the device for the professionals.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Service** .
2. Uncheck **Enable SSH Service**.
3. Click **Save**.

Chapter 12 Maintenance

12.1 View Device Information

Basic Information and Algorithms Library Version

Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Device Information** to view the basic information and algorithms library version of the device.

You can edit **Device Name** and **Device No.** The device No. is used to control the device. It is recommended to reserve the default value.

Device Status

Go to **Configuration → Device Status** to view the device status.

12.2 View Thermal Camera Information

The device supports viewing the detailed information of the connected thermal camera.

Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Thermal Imaging Management** to view name, model, and other information of the thermal camera.

12.3 Log

12.3.1 Enable System Log Service

The security audit logs refer to the security operation logs. You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events. Security audit logs can be saved on device internal storage. The log will be saved every half hour after device booting. Due to limited storage space, you are recommended to save the logs on a log server.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Service** .
2. Check **Enable Syslog Service**.
3. Enter **IP Address** and **Port** of the log server.
4. Click **Save**.

Result

The device will upload the security audit logs to the log server regularly.

12.3.2 Search Log

Log helps to locate and troubleshoot problems.

Steps

1. Click **Log**.
2. Set search conditions.
3. Click **Search**.

The matched log files will be displayed on the log list.

4. **Optional**: Click **Save Log** to save the log files to your computer.

12.4 Upgrade

Upgrade the system when you need to update the device version.

Before You Start

Prepare the upgrade file.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Upgrade**.
2. Click **Browse** to select the upgrade file.
3. Click **Upgrade**.
4. Click **OK** in the popup window.



Note

The upgrade process will take 1 to 10 minutes. Do not cut off the power supply.

Result

The device will reboot automatically after upgrade.

12.5 Reboot

When the device needs to be rebooted, reboot it via the software instead of cutting off the power directly.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Reboot**.
2. Click **Reboot**.
3. Click **OK** to reboot the device.

12.6 Restore Parameters

When the device is abnormal caused by the incorrect set parameters, you can restore the parameters.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Default** .
2. Select the restoration mode.
 - Click **Restore** to restore the parameters except the IP parameters and user parameters to the default settings.
 - Click **Restore Factory Settings** to restore all the parameters to the factory settings.
3. Click **OK**.

12.7 Synchronize Time

Synchronize the device time when it is inconsistent with the actual time.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → Time Settings** .
2. Select **Time Zone**.
3. Select **Time Sync. Mode**.

NTP Time Sync.

Select it to synchronize the device time with that of the NTP server. Set **Server Address**, **NTP Port**, and **Interval**. Click **NTP Test** to test if the connection between the device and the server is normal.

Manual Time Sync.

Select it to synchronize the device time with that of the computer. Set time manually, or check **Sync. with computer time**.

SDK

If the remote host has been set for the device, select it to synchronize time via the remote host.

ONVIF

Select it to synchronize time via the third-party device.

No

Select it to disable time synchronization.

All

Select it, and you can select any mode above.



Note

The time synchronization modes vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

4. Click **Save**.

12.8 Set DST

If the region where the device is located adopts Daylight Saving Time (DST), you can set this function.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System → DST**.
2. Check **Enable DST**.
3. Set **Start Time**, **End Time**, and **DST Bias**.
4. Click **Save**.

12.9 Debug



Note

The debug configurations below are only provided to debug the device by the professionals.

12.9.1 Enable Information Overlay

You can overlay the algorithm POS information and positioning frames on the captured pictures or playback images.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Advanced Settings → System Service**.
2. Check the debug information according to your needs.

Enable Algorithm POS Information Debug

The algorithm POS information will be overlaid on the playback image when you play back the video with the dedicated tool.

Enable Positioning Frame Debug

The positioning frames of vehicle bodies and license plates will be overlaid on the captured pictures.

3. Click **Save**.

12.9.2 Vehicle Capture and Recognition Service

Set the vehicle capture and recognition service to debug the device.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Advanced Settings → Vehicle Capture and Recognition Service**.
2. Check the service(s) according to your needs.



Note

The supported services vary with different models. The actual device prevails.

Not Capture No Plate Vehicle

The vehicles without license plates will not be captured.

Not Capture Wrong-Way Driving Vehicle

The wrong-way driving vehicles will not be captured.

Filter Checkpoint Capture of Same Vehicle

It is used to debug the device with the same vehicle. When the same vehicle is triggered many times during a short period in the scene, the checkpoint pictures of the vehicle will not be captured.

Enable Non-Motor Vehicle Flow Statistics

Check it to count the non-motor vehicle flow.

Upload Statistics Data Every Integral Minute

Check it, and the device will upload the statistics data every integral minute according to the set statistics interval in data collection mode. For example, if you set the statistics interval as 2 minutes, then the device will upload the statistics data at 8:00:00, 8:02:00, 8:04:00, etc.

3. Click **Save**.

12.9.3 Set Image Format

You can enable smartJPEG which can save the storage space without influencing the resolution.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → Advanced Settings → Image Service**.
2. Check **smartJPEG**.
3. Click **Save**.

12.10 Export Parameters

You can export the parameters of one device, and import them to another device to set the two devices with the same parameters.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Export Parameters**.
2. Click **Export Parameters**.

3. Set a password, and click **OK**.



Note

The password is used for importing the configuration file of the current device to other devices.

4. Select the saving path, and enter the file name.
5. Click **Save**.

12.11 Import Configuration File

Import the configuration file of another device to the current device to set the same parameters.

Before You Start

Save the configuration file to the computer.

Steps



Caution

Importing configuration file is only available to the devices of the same model and same version.

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Import Config. File**.
2. Select **Importing Method**.



Note

If you select **Import Part**, check the parameters to be imported.

3. Click **Browse** to select the configuration file.
4. Enter the password which is set when the configuration file is exported, and click **OK**.
5. Click **Import**.
6. Click **OK** on the popup window.

Result

The parameters will be imported, and the device will reboot.

12.12 Export Debug File

The technicians can export the debug file to troubleshoot and maintain the device.

Steps

1. Go to **Configuration → Device Configuration → System Maintenance → Export Debug File**.
2. Click **Export Debug**.
3. Select the saving path, and enter the file name.
4. Click **Save**.

Appendix A. Communication Matrix and Device Command

Scan the QR code below to get the communication matrix of the device.



Scan the QR code below to get the device command.





See Far, Go Further